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8	BEFORE THE
	BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA
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12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No: 2-010 - 377
13	BONNIE BOLSTAD BENJAMIN 552 Roosevelt Way
14	San Francisco, CA 94114 ACCUSATION
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16	Registered Nurse License No. 665014 Clinical Nurse Specialist License No. 3100
17	Respondent.
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19	Complainant alleges:
20	PARTIES
21	1. Louise R. Bailey, M.Ed., RN ("Complainant") brings this Accusation solely in her
22	official capacity as the Interim Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing, Departmen
23	of Consumer Affairs.
24	2. On or about September 2, 2005, the Board of Registered Nursing issued Registered
25	Nurse License Number 665014 to Bonnie Bolstad Benjamin ("Respondent"). The Registered
26	Nurse License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and
27	will expire on March 31, 2011, unless renewed. On or about November 26, 2008, the Board of
28	Registered Nursing issued Clinical Nurse Specialist License Number 3100 to Respondent. The

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Clinical Nurse Specialist License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on March 31, 2011, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Registered Nursing ("Board"), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code ("Code") unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 2750 of the Business and Professions Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may discipline any licensee, including a licensee holding a temporary or an inactive license, for any reason provided in Article 3 (commencing with section 2750) of the Nursing Practice Act.
- 5. Section 2764 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee or to render a decision imposing discipline on the license.

RELEVANT STATUTES AND/OR REGULATIONS

6. Section 2761 of the Code states:

"The board may take disciplinary action against a certified or licensed nurse or deny an application for a certificate or license for any of the following:

- "(a) Unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- "(1) Incompetence or gross negligence in carrying out usual certified or licensed nursing functions."
 - 7. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1442, states:

"As used in Section 2761 of the code, 'gross negligence' includes an extreme departure from the standard of care which, under similar circumstances, would have ordinarily been exercised by a competent registered nurse. Such an extreme departure means the repeated failure to provide nursing care as required or failure to provide care or to exercise ordinary precaution in a single situation which the nurse knew, or should have known, could have jeopardized the client's health or life."

4.

8. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1443, states:

"As used in Section 2761 of the code, 'incompetence' means the lack of possession of or the failure to exercise that degree of learning, skill, care and experience ordinarily possessed and exercised by a competent registered nurse as described in Section 1443.5."

COST RECOVERY

9. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

DRUGS

10. "Flolan," also known by the generic name "Epoprostenol" is an intravenous medication used to treat pulmonary hypertension, a type of high blood pressure in the lungs. Because of its side-effects, the optimum dose of Flolan has to be carefully titrated based on the patient's weight and it must be administered by way of an infusion pump that delivers a precise amount of the medication.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 11. On March 25, 2008, patient C.W. was admitted to the Intensive Care Unit ("ICU") at UCSF Medical Center, in San Francisco. C.W. was a 24 year old male who had been diagnosed with severe pulmonary hypertension and right sided heart failure. He was admitted to the ICU for treatment in attempt to improve his prognosis and quality of life. After five days in the ICU C.W.'s condition had stabilized through the use of various intravenous medications, such that on March 30, 2008, he could be transferred to the Transitional Care Unit ("TCU").
- 12. On March 31, 2008, Respondent was assigned to care for C.W. At the time, C.W., was prescribed and receiving Flolan at a rate of 20 ng/kg/min (4.2 cc/hr) and doputamine (a cardiac medication) with each medication being delivered intravenously and by way of separate infusion pumps.

- 13. Due to his low potassium level on March 31, 2008, a physician ordered KCL (potassium chloride) to be administered to C.W. intravenously at a rate of 100 cc/hour. This medication was also to be delivered by an infusion pump.
- 14. At approximately 7:00 p.m., Respondent hung the KCL solution and thought that she was programming the infusion pump for the KCL to be delivered at the prescribed rate of 100 cc/hour. Shortly after starting the KCL infusion, C.W. suffered a cardiac arrest. After 45 minutes of attempted resuscitation, at 7:58 p.m., he was pronounced dead.
- 15. Respondent was present during the attempted resuscitation of C.W. In her nursing note, Respondent reported that she and another nurse observed that the Flonan was infusing at the rate of 100 cc/hour (the rate that the KCL was to be infused), instead of the prescribed rate of 4.2 cc/hour.
- 16. C.W.'s primary care physician's dictated "discharge note" reported that the "misadministration of Flolan resulting in vasodilatation and hypoxia" was the cause of his cardiac arrest and ultimate death.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Gross Negligence)

17. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section Code section 2761(a)(1). Respondent's failure to ensure that the infusion pump delivering Flolan to C.W. was at the correct and prescribed rate, constituted an extreme departure from standard nursing case, as set forth above in paragraphs 10 through 16.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Incompetence)

18. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section Code section 2761(a)(1). Respondent's failure to ensure that the infusion pump delivering Flolan to C.W. was at the correct and prescribed rate, was not the practice of a competent nurse as set forth above in paragraphs 10 through 16.

A nurse is <u>at all times</u> required to follow the "five rights of medication administration" including: right patient, right medication, right dose, right chart and right route.

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